

**Lantana crocea**, Jacq.

*Lantana crocea*, Jacq., Hort. Schœnb., t. 473; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 496.

BERMUDAS.—Introduced. Without any locality or remarks—*Rein*.

West Indies; Guiana.

**Lantana involucrata**, Linn.

*Lantana involucrata*, Linn., Amœn. Acad., iv. p. 319; Chapm., Fl. Southern U.S., p. 308; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 496.

*Lantana odorata*, Linn., Syst. Nat., ed. 13, ii. p. 418.

BERMUDAS.—Introduced. Common all over the islands—*Lane*; *Holton*; *Jones*; *Rein*; *Lefroy*.

Florida, West Indies, Mexico, and north part of South America.

This is apparently the commonest shrubby plant in the islands, where it is known as the "Common Sage." It was abundant when Michaux visited the islands in 1806, and were there not evidence to the contrary, we should have supposed that it reached them independently of human agency. The Hon. J. H. Darrell writes concerning this shrub—"This was brought here from the Bahamas (as I was told by my father) by Colonel Spofforth, in the latter part of the last century, with the view of using it as fuel for ovens and limekilns, so as to diminish the great consumption of cedar trees for those purposes."

**Lippia nodiflora**, Michx.

*Lippia nodiflora*, Michx., Fl. Bor.-Am., ii. p. 15; Chapm., Fl. Southern U.S., p. 308; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 494.

BERMUDAS.—Indigenous. Common—*Moseley*; *Rein*; *Lefroy*; *Reade*.

Cosmopolitan in tropical and sub-tropical regions, flourishing in almost any soil or situation. The "*Lippia reptans*" of Lane's list is probably this plant.

**Stachytarpheta jamaicensis**, Vahl.

*Stachytarpheta jamaicensis*, Vahl, Enum., i. p. 206; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 494; Chapm., Fl. Southern U.S., p. 308 (*Stachytarpha*).

BERMUDAS.—Indigenous? Very common—*Lane*; *Jones*; *Lefroy*; *Moseley*.

Florida and Mexico to Brazil, and naturalised in Tropical Asia and Africa.

**Priva echinata**, Juss.

*Priva echinata*, Juss. in Ann. Mus. Hist. Nat. Par., vii. p. 69; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 493; Chapm., Fl. Southern U.S., p. 306.

BERMUDAS.—Indigenous? *Munro*.

Florida and Mexico to Brazil: a plant easily disseminated by means of the hooked hairs on the seed-vessel.