

BERMUDAS.—Indigenous. Muddy places—*Moseley*; Devonshire marsh—*Lefroy*; without locality—*Rein*; marshes—*Reade*.

Very widely spread in the warm parts of Asia, Africa, America, and Australia.

**Hydrocotyle umbellata, Linn.**

*Hydrocotyle umbellata*, Linn., Sp. Pl., ed. 1, p. 234; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 307; Chapm., Fl. Southern U.S., p. 159; Rein in Bericht Senckenb. Naturf. Gesellsch. Frankf. am M., 1873, p. 150.

BERMUDAS.—Indigenous. Without locality—*Rein*.

Massachusetts southward through the West Indies and Mexico to Peru and Guiana.

We have seen no Bermudan specimens of this species; but it is so different from *Hydrocotyle asiatica* that we cannot suspect any error in the determination.

**Smyrniolum olusatrum, Linn.**

*Smyrniolum olusatrum*, Linn., Sp. Pl., ed. 1, p. 262; DC., Prodr., iv. p. 247.

BERMUDAS.—Introduced. Without memoranda—*Lane*; *Moseley*.

Europe, Northern Africa, and Western Asia; formerly commonly cultivated.

**Apium leptophyllum, F. Muell.**

*Apium leptophyllum*, F. Muell. in Benth. Fl. Austr., iii. p. 372.

*Helosciadium leptophyllum*, DC., Prodr., iv. p. 105; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 308; Chapm., Fl. Southern U.S., Suppl., p. 623.

BERMUDAS.—Introduced. Walls and roadsides—*Lane*; *Moseley*; *Lefroy*.

A very common annual weed all over the warmer parts of America; occurring also in Africa and Australia.

**Apium graveolens, Linn.**

*Apium graveolens*, Linn., Sp. Pl., ed. 1, p. 264; DC., Prodr., iv. p. 101.

BERMUDAS.—Introduced. Escaped from gardens—*Lane*. We have no other authority for the celery occurring wild.

Europe, Northern Africa, and Western Asia, and cultivated in other countries.

**Ammi majus, Linn.**

*Ammi majus*, Linn., Sp. Pl., ed. 1, p. 243; DC., Prodr., iv. p. 112; Sibthorp, Flora Græca, t. 273.

BERMUDAS.—Introduced. Waste places—*Moseley*.

A common weed of cultivation, especially in the Mediterranean region.