

whole. It should be explained here that most likely some species included in the category of probably indigenous¹ have no claim to that position, while a few others, which from want of evidence have been placed among the more numerous introduced element, are indigenous in the sense explained below.

TABLE Showing the Composition of the Wild Flora of the Bermudas.²

Orders.	Genera.	Species.		Orders.	Genera.	Species.	
		Total.	Probably Indigenous.			Total.	Probably Indigenous.
1. Ranunculaceæ . . .	1	2	...	41. Apocynaceæ . . .	1	1	...
2. Papavareaceæ . . .	2	2	...	42. Asclepiadææ . . .	1	1	...
3. Fumariaceæ . . .	1	2	...	43. Loganiaceæ . . .	1	1	...
4. Cruciferæ . . .	10	11	1	44. Gentianææ . . .	1	1	...
5. Caryophyllaceæ . . .	3	5	1	45. Hydrophyllaceæ . . .	1	1	1
6. Portulacææ . . .	2	2	1	46. Boraginææ . . .	2	2	2
7. Tamariscinææ . . .	1	1	...	47. Convolvulaceæ . . .	3	9	7
8. Hypericinææ . . .	1	1	1	48. Solanaceæ . . .	5	7	...
9. Guttiferææ . . .	1	1	...	49. Scrophularinææ . . .	6	9	1
10. Malvaceæ . . .	7	9	4	50. Bignoniaceæ . . .	1	1	...
11. Sterculiaceæ . . .	1	1	...	51. Verbenaceæ . . .	8	10	6
12. Tiliaceæ . . .	2	4	2	52. Labiatææ . . .	8	10	...
13. Geraniaceæ . . .	2	3	...	53. Plantaginaceæ . . .	1	3	...
14. Linaceæ . . .	1	1	...	54. Nyctaginææ . . .	2	2	...
15. Aurantiaceæ . . .	1	2	...	55. Amarantaceæ . . .	1	2	...
16. Simarubeæ . . .	1	1	1	56. Chenopodiaceæ . . .	4	5	2
17. Meliaceæ . . .	2	2	...	57. Polygonaceæ . . .	3	4	2
18. Ilicinææ . . .	1	1	...	58. Piperaceæ . . .	1	1	1
19. Celastrinææ . . .	1	1	1	59. Euphorbiaceæ . . .	6	11	2
20. Ampelidææ . . .	1	1	1	60. Urticaceæ . . .	6	10	6
21. Sapindaceæ . . .	3	4	3	61. Myricaceæ . . .	1	1	1
22. Anacardiaceæ . . .	1	1	1	62. Ceratophyllææ . . .	1	1	1
23. Leguminosæ . . .	15	20	6	63. Orchidææ . . .	1	1	1
24. Crassulaceæ . . .	1	1	...	64. Amaryllidææ . . .	2	2	...
25. Rhizophoreææ . . .	1	1	1	65. Iridææ . . .	1	1	1
26. Combretaceææ . . .	1	1	1	66. Liliaceæ . . .	2	3	...
27. Myrtaceæ . . .	3	3	1	67. Commelinaceææ . . .	1	1	1
28. Onagrariææ . . .	3	4	1	68. Juncaceæ . . .	1	2	2
29. Passifloreææ . . .	1	1	...	69. Palmææ . . .	1	1	1
30. Cucurbitaceææ . . .	1	1	...	70. Typhaceæ . . .	1	1	1
31. Cactaceæ . . .	1	4	2	71. Lemnaceæ . . .	1	2	2
32. Ficoideæ . . .	1	1	1	72. Naiadaceææ . . .	2	2	2
33. Umbelliferææ . . .	8	10	2	73. Cyperaceæ . . .	8	15	15
34. Rubiaceæ . . .	10	11	6	74. Graminææ . . .	16	24	9
35. Valerianææ . . .	2	2	...	75. Coniferæ . . .	1	1	1
36. Compositæ . . .	17	29	11	76. Lycopodiaceææ . . .	1	1	1
37. Goodenoviææ . . .	1	1	1	77. Equisetaceææ . . .	1	1	1
38. Plumbagineææ . . .	1	1	1	78. Filices . . .	10	22	22
39. Primulaceæ . . .	1	1	...				
40. Oleaceæ . . .	3	3	1				
				Totals . . .	231	326	144

¹ Any plant that appears to have reached the island independently of the direct or indirect agency of man is treated as indigenous, even such as are of quite casual occurrence.

² Restricted to the vascular plants.