with oxide of iron; many small mineral particles—mica, magnetite, feld-spar, quartz, and hornblende. These mineral particles appeared wind-blown, and had probably been carried to this area by the Harmattan and trade-winds.

No. 4.—Station VII. February 24th. Lat. 23° 23' N., Long. 31° 31' W. Depth, 2750 fathoms. Bottom temperature, 2° 0 C. Chemical composition:

Loss on ignition af	ter drying at 230° F
Portion soluble in hydrochloric acid = 39.57.	Alumina 6:40
	Ferric oxide 15.42
	Calcium phosphate Trace
	Calcium sulphate 1.60
	Calcium carbonate 4·11
	Magnesium carbonate 1.20
	Silica 24·25
	Alumina 6.00
	Ferric oxide 2.54
	Lime 1.06
	Magnesia
	Silica 29·33
	100.00

A red clay, containing much amorphous clayey matter, and many small mineral particles—quartz, mica, hornblende, feldspar, magnetic iron.—A few broken pieces of pelagic foraminifera.

No. 5.—Station VIII. February 25th. Lat. 23° 12′ N., Long. 32° 56′ W. Depth, 2800 fathoms. Bottom temperature, 2°0 C. Chemical composition:

Loss on ignition after drying at 230° F	
Portion soluble in hydrochloric acid = 63.01.  Portion insoluble in hydrochloric acid = 28.04.	Alumina 8.95
	Ferric oxide 9.70
	Calcium phosphate Large trace
	Calcium sulphate
	Calcium carbonate 16.42
	Magnesium carbonate 2.70
	Silica
	Alumina 4.20
	Ferric oxide 2.10
	Lime 0.89
	Magnesia 0.60
	Silica 20.25
	100.00