

different sizes, the larger about four times the area of the smaller. The larger pores are the less numerous: they are

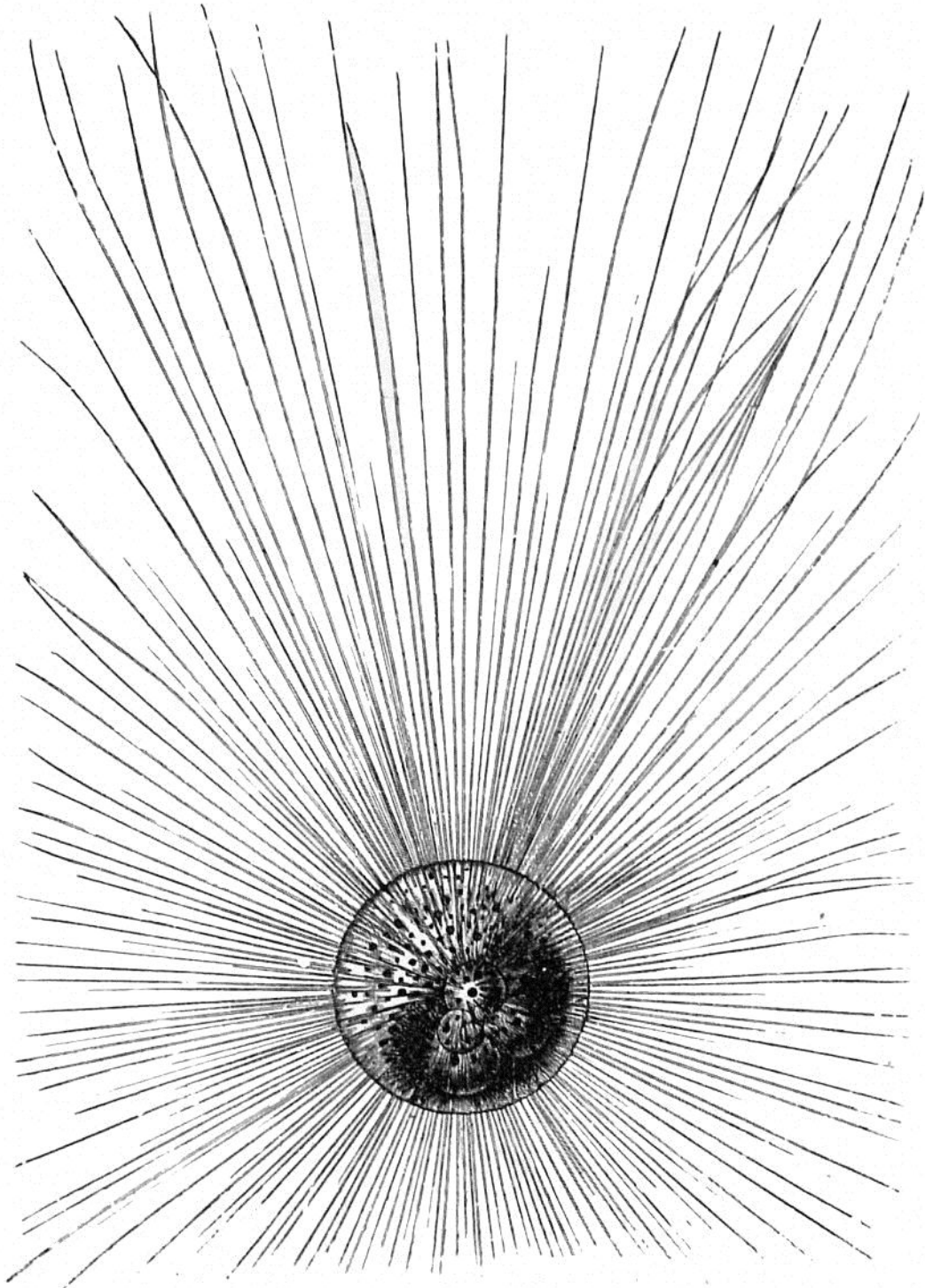


FIG. 47.—*Orbulina universa*, D'ORBIGNY. From the surface. Fifty times the natural size.

scattered over the surface of the shell without any appearance of regularity: the smaller pores occupy the spaces between the larger. The crests between the pores are much less regular in